Single Managers Conference 2-4 Apr 02

Developing, Fielding, and Sustaining America's Aerospa



Reformed Supply upport Program

HAF/ILSP
DSN 224-3548
SMC/CWS
DSN 834-2265
Web Site:
https://www.cisf.af.mil/rssp



OVERVIEW

- RSSP Overview
- Endorsements
- What's Broken?
- Old Process
- How do we fix it?
- New Process
- Implementation Status
 - Deliverables
 - Challenges
- OEF Lessons Learned
- Summary



RSSP

- What is it?
 - Reengineered process on how the Air Force brings initial spares into the inventory for new weapon systems and major modifications
 - Significant partnership between Government and Industry
- Concept development began Jun 94 and final approval by AFMC/DR/LG in May 97
- Implementation underway and expect to be institutionalized within the AF by FY03



ENDORSEMENTS

- Secretary of Air Force identified RSSP to Congress as one of top initiatives
- SAF/AQ and AF/IL
 - Part of AQ Strategic Business Plan and LB 99-7
 - Update on progress every 6 months
- DLA
 - Endorsed for multi-service application
- OSD
 - Semi-annual updates to Dr Gansler
 - Directed inclusion in DoD 4000 and 5000 series publications and as part of 912 initiative
- Congress
 - Approved funding changes in FY00 PB



WHAT'S BROKEN?

- Three separate processes Pre-Operational, Interim Contractor Support, and Initial Spares
 - No common point of reference
 - Lack of asset visibility
 - Usage/failure data not in usable format
- Duplication of effort
 - Contractor and government both develop recommended spares list
- Product Centers and ALCs buying same spares
 - Potential impact to both ALC and DLA



WHAT'S BROKEN? (CONT)

- Buys based on estimates vs actuals
 - ISSLs 70% of what we buy we don't use and 70% of what we need we don't buy
 - Causes excess inventory and numerous corrections
- Inaccurate Supply Support Requests (SSRs) to DLA
 - Process is disconnected from configuration management
 - Major DLA impact
- Substantial progress payments impacting Working Capital Fund (WCF)



WHAT'S BROKEN? (CONT)

- Funding for "corrections" is an additional expense
 - Not programmed for and can take years to fix
 - Too often burden shifts to GSD/MSD replen
- Cumbersome Air Force funding process
- Data visibility to the warfighter minimal during Interim Contractor Support (ICS)

Equipment

- BP10, 20 or 83
 - 3 year money
 - BA only
 - Managed by SPO

Initial Spares

- SMAG/MSD 1 year OA
- BP16, 26 or 86
 - 5 years BA
 - Managed by ALC

No flexibility between BPs



AIR FORCE TRADITIONAL SUPPLY SUPPORT **EXCESSIVE SPARES COST LESSONS LEARNED 1985-1996**

U.S. AIR FORCE

AUDIT REPORT SPARES

DOCUMENTATION

DOLLAR AMOUNT

EXCESS

AIRCRAFT/ CATEGORY

AFAA Project 4126121, 4/4/85 119.2M

FAILURE RATES

AFAA Project 5126123, 11/14/86 AFLC FY85 BUDGET REQUIREMENT

A/C - ERRONEOUSLY ESTIMATED

638.5M

WAS NOT DEMAND SUPPORTED

AFAA Project 5126117, 2/23/86 59.9M

AFAA Project 9106210, 2/14/90

SPARES BASED ON ERRONEOUSLY EST.

MODIFICATION RELIABILITY

895.2M

IMPROVEMENTS NOT TRACKED FOR

SPARES DEMAND RATES

GAO/NSIAD-88-75, 1/14/88 822.3M

A/C SPARES BOUGHT WITH UNSTABLE

RECOVERABLE ITEM USAGE RATE

DESIGN RESULTING IN OBSOLESCENCE

A/C DUPLICATE SPARES BUY; NO COM-GAO/NSAID-92-293, 9/18/92 &

9



DLA SUPPLY SUPPORT LESSONS LEARNED 1988 -1995

U.S. AIR FORCE

TOTAL (FY96 DOLLARS)

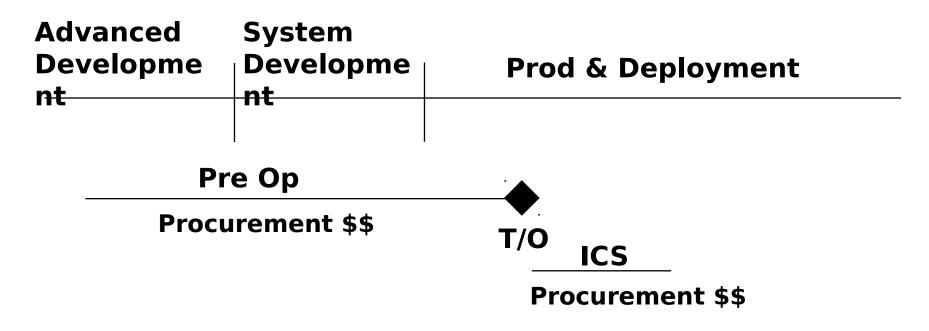
AUDIT REPORT EXCESS SPARES DOCUMENTATION CATEGORY DOLLAF AMOUNT DoDIG AUDIT 88-140 REQUIREMENTS FORECASTS ON SUPPLY 4/27/88 SUPPORT REQUESTS ARE EXCESSIVE \$221.5M **DoDIG AUDIT 93-175** SSRs DEEMED UNREASONABLE AND BASED 9/30/93 UPON UNSUPPORTED DEMAND FORECASTS \$442.9M **DoDIG AUDIT 95-057** ICPs DO NOT USE CURRENT AND ACCURATE 12/16/94 DATA REGARDING MODS IN SUPPORT .7M **PLANNING**

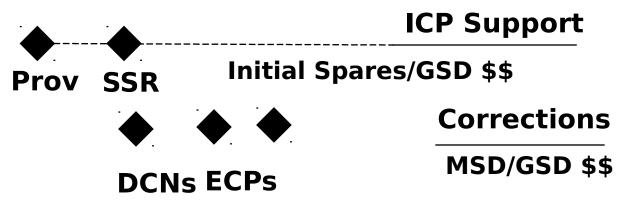
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\$665.1M



CURRENT PROCESS







HOW DO WE FIX IT?

There are 5 RSSP tenets for improving the process

- Tailored to fit the specific requirements of each weapon system
 - 1) Teaming and Supply Support Planning
 - 2)Interim Supply Support
 - Contractor as wholesale supply manager of peculiar items
 - 3) Data Sharing
 - 4)Transition Management
 - Demand Based Acquisition
 - 5) Flexible Financial Concept

TENET 1: TEAMING AND SUPPLY SUPPORT PLANNING

- SPD establishes a Supply Support IPT early in the acquisition cycle
 - Partnership between Government and Industry
 - Includes experts from each functional area of the process
- Outlines spares support for the weapon system/mod during acquisition life cycle and plans for transition to government ICP support for sustainment
- Tie the processes together

U.S. AIR FORCE

- Each phase builds upon the previous one



TENET 2 INTERIM SUPPLY SUPPORT (ISS)

- The contractor is responsible for wholesale inventory management of <u>peculiar</u> items:
 - Determine levels for consumable and reparable spares needed during ISS period
 - Catalog peculiar items contractor source of supply
 - Reparable item processing/repair
 - Asset redistribution and accountability
 - Report data on systems in their operating environment for both AF and DLA
- Government responsibilities for stocklisted items do not change
- Both Government and Contractor use AF retail supply system
 - Transparent to the user

INTERIM SUPPLY SUPPORT AND TRANSITION TO INVENTORY CONTROL POINT

SBSS

Contractor

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<u>ISS</u>

ICP

- Contractor source of supply for peculiar items

- SBSS will be used by retail users

- Contractor determines levels
- Evaluated on retail performance

measures

part of ded

Stocklisted spares

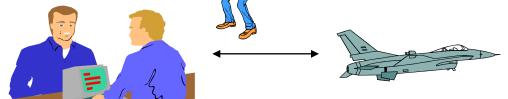
- DoD ICPs source of supply for common items
- User O&M pays for



 ICP source of supply for all stocklisted items

- ICP evaluated on retail performance measures

User O&M pays for spares



User acquires all spareSupport is through SBSS transparent 5



TENET 3 DATA SHARING - WHAT

- Use standard models to collect data
 - Secondary Item Requirements System (SIRS)
 - Aircraft Sustainability Model (ASM)
 - Diminishing Manufacturing Sources and Material Shortages (DMSMS)
- Define common data elements to populate models
 - Includes usage and failure data, PN changes, asset accountability, program data, etc.
 - Program adjustments are captured
 - Should not require contractor to collect additional data elements
- Provides SSIPT data necessary for performance measurements and assessments



TENET 3 DATA SHARING - HOW

- Take advantage of today's technology -Electronic Data Exchange
 - Link contractor and government systems
 - Establish a common point of reference
- We can share information without changing hardware (Contractor or Government)
- Key part for the AF vision of seamless logistics under the GCSS concept





DATA SHARING

A process by which related data from many sources is merged to provide a summary integrated view of business information DLA **ENGINEERING INVENTORY** AIR FORCE MAINTENANCE **USAGE** DOD Contractor **GCSS Interface** SSIP^{*} GOVERNMENT **CONTRACTOR SYSTEMS LEGACY SYSTEMS** Standar



TENET 4 TRANSITION MANAGEMENT

- Source of Supply Approval Process (SOSAP)
 - Determines if contract or organic ICP
- If SOSAP determination is for Organic ICP the decision on when to transition is based on system or subsystem maturity
 - DCNs and ECPs only one measure
- SPD, MAJCOM and Contractor input essential



TENET 4 TRANSITION MANAGEMENT

- Requires development of Transition Package
 - Spares requirements based on levels computed on government model
 - Technical data and documentation
- Logistics Reassignment rules apply when "peculiar" item becomes "common" item
- Logistics transfer criteria must be met for both AF and DLA
 - Full complement of spares (AF and DLA)
 - Retail and wholesale



- Process changes to the financial concept
 - Weapon system PEC to fund the three key pieces of the Reformed Supply Support Program
 - Weapon system/modification
 - Interim supply support period
 - Transition package which includes:
 - Consumable and reparable spares
 - Re-procurement data
- Shifts financial responsibility from DLA to program office for initial lay-in of spares at retail supply level and DLA pipeline
- Flexibility for changes to spares/budget requirements based on program changes



NEW FUNDING PROCESS

Equipment ISS

Transition Pkg (spares & data)

- BP10, 20 or 83
 - 3 year money
 - BA only
 - Managed by SPO

Initial Spares

- SMAG/MSD 1 year O/
- BP16, 26 or 86
 - 5 years BA
 - Managed by ALC

One BP provides a flexible process



SYNOPSIS

- What does the new process do?
 - Provides a common point of reference
 - Builds on experience throughout acquisition process
 - Increases asset visibility
 - Timely and accurate failure/usage data
- Demand-based acquisitions at time of transition reduces excess inventory and corrections during sustainment
 - Refines spares budget projections
 - Corrects SSR problem
 - Reduces loss to Working Capital Fund (WCF)
- Budget process is more flexible

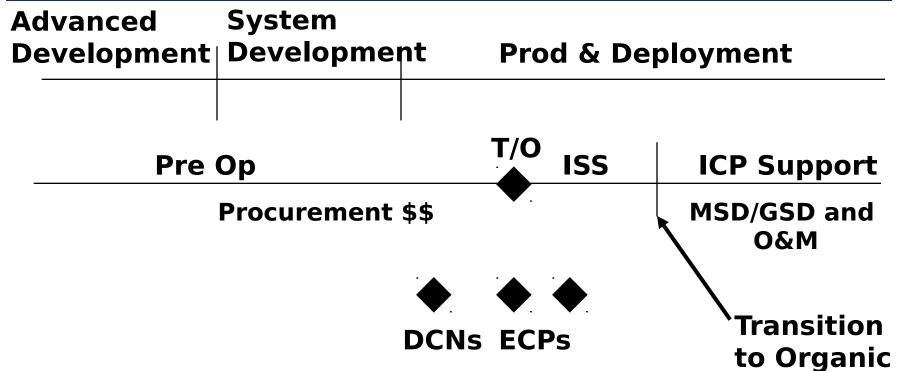


SYNOPSIS

- Advantages
 - Flexibility to buy appropriate levels of spares
 - Reduces up front costs to a program
 - Reduces total cost to the program by delaying depot investments and initial spares investments until actual requirements are known
 - Establishes a partnership between government and industry
 - Improves support to the warfighter and reduces life cycle cost



NEW PROCESS



One connected process

- Shared data throughout
- Plan for ISS
- Demand-based acquisitions



IMPLEMENTATIO N STATUS



ORGANIZATION

- **SMC/CC Lead CommanderCore Activity Teams**
- Share Chair
- Project Office C Springs DLA Systems and Policy
- * SAF/HQ USAF advisory, facilitation and resource - Contracting team
 - AQX
 - ILS
 - FMBR

- Policy AFMC
- Retail Supply Policy
- Training
- Data Team
- Financial Concepts
- Weapon System Activity Teams
 - Spacelift Ranges System (RSA IIA)
 - C-17
 - F-22
 - C-130J
- * Over 140 active members
- **Mentoring numerous** weapon systems



DELIVERABLES

- ✓ Financial concept approved and implemented
- ✓ RSSP Guide completed
- ✓ Policy changes implemented
- √ Contractor interfaces established
- ✓ Data exchange architectural strategy established and on contract
- ✓ Pilot program weapon systems incorporated new concept
- ✓ Training materials developed and virtual classroom established
- Data models identified and requirements incorporated for both AF and DLA
- Documented performance measures



CHALLENGES

- Evolving concept to include all contractor support weapon systems
- Establishing interaction between contractors and AF's Regional Supply Squadrons (RSS)
- Number of "peculiar" items becoming "common"
- Developing business rules across Services
- Establishing support across platforms with same contractor
- Leveraging lessons learned and data systems within Industry/Corporations



SUMMARY

- Actual experience substantiates concept
 - Contractors working issues hard once identified
 - Weapons systems performing well in AOR
 - Information flow getting better
- Implementation nearly complete
 - Policy, Retail, Contracting, Training, DLA and Financial Teams transitioned
 - Data Team making substantial progress after numerous challenges and delays Weapon System Teams becoming self supporting
- Evolutionary development continues